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adopt an interest rate risk management section of an asset/liability management policy which establishes interest rate risk exposure limits as well as the criteria to determine compliance with these limits. At a minimum, the interest rate risk management section shall establish policies and procedures for the bank to:

- (a) Identify and analyze the causes of risks within its existing balance sheet structure;
- (b) Measure the potential impact of these risks on projected earnings and market values by conducting interest rate shock tests and simulations of multiple economic scenarios at least on a quarterly basis;
- (c) Explore and implement actions needed to obtain its desired risk management objectives;
- (d) Document the objectives that the bank is attempting to achieve by purchasing eligible investments that are authorized by §615.5140 of this subpart;
- (e) Evaluate and document, at least quarterly, whether these investments have actually met the objectives stated under paragraph (d) of this section.

[58 FR 63056, Nov. 30, 1993]

## §615.5136 Emergencies impeding normal access of Farm Credit banks to capital markets.

An emergency shall be deemed to exist whenever a financial, economic, agricultural or national defense crisis could impede the normal access of Farm Credit banks to the capital markets. Whenever the Farm Credit Administration determines after consultations with the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation that such an emergency exists, the Farm Credit Administration Board shall, in its sole discretion, adopt a resolution that:

- (a) Increases the amount of eligible investments that Farm Credit Banks, banks for cooperatives and agricultural credit banks are authorized to hold pursuant to §615.5132 of this subpart; and/or
- (b) Modifies or waives the liquidity reserve requirement in §615.5134 of this subpart.

[58 FR 63057, Nov. 30, 1993]

## §615.5140 Eligible investments and risk diversification.

- (a) In order to comply with §§615.5132, 615.5134, and 615.5135 of this subpart, each Farm Credit Bank, bank for cooperatives, and agricultural credit bank is authorized to hold the following eligible investments, denominated in United States dollars:
- (1) Obligations of the United States; full-recourse obligations, other than mortgage-backed securities, of agencies, instrumentalities or corporations of the United States; or debt obligations of other obligors that are fully insured or guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States, its agencies, instrumentalities, or corporations;
- (2) Mortgage-backed securities (MBSs), as defined by §615.5131(l), Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs), as defined by §615.5131(e), and Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs), as defined by §615.5131(p), that comply with the following requirements:
- (i) The MBS, CMO, or REMIC shall either be:
- (A) Issued by the Government National Mortgage Association or be backed solely by mortgages that are guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the full faith and credit of the United States; or
- (B) Issued by and guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and be rated not lower than AAA (or equivalent) by a nationally recognized credit rating service;
- (ii) Securities that are backed by adjustable rate mortgages, as defined by §615.5131(b), shall have a repricing mechanism of 12 months or less tied to an index.
- (iii) CMOs, REMICs, and fixed-rate MBSs shall satisfy the following three tests at the time of purchase and each quarter thereafter:
- (A) The expected weighted average life (WAL) of the instrument does not exceed 5 years;
- (B) The expected WAL does not extend for more than 2 years assuming an immediate and sustained parallel shift in the yield curve of plus 300 basis points, nor shorten for more than 3